

## 101年度功名網際模擬會考試題

英文(一)

銀行考試

第一階段

功 名 文 教 機 構

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	Vocabulary and Idioms	:請依照句子前後文	意,選出最適當的答	答案。		
01.	01. A 31-year-old man was arrested Saturday on of drug trafficking.					
	(A) charge	(B) respect	(C) confession	(D) verdict		
02.	Doctors that mo	st headaches share som	e basic mechanisms.			
	(A) mimic	(B) suspect	(C) choose	(D) purchase		
03.	The deadly car accident	has led to serious				
	(A) lives	(B) necessities	(C) casualty	(D) conclusion		
04.'	The explosion in Oklaho	oma City was a	The federal building w	as destroyed completely, and many children		
i	and federal workers wer	e buried in the rubble.				
	(A) incident	(B) disaster	(C) disappointment	(D) contamination		
05.	Kiwifruit's sweet, succe	ulent flesh dotted with	tiny seeds can be	e used in salads and desserts.		
	(A) audible	(B) edible	(C) tangible	(D) invisible		
06.	The music grew softer	and softer until it was s	scarcely			
	(A) manual	(B) brittle	(C) audible	(D) dreary		
07.	. You must always bear in mind that comes only with hard work.					
	(A) happiness	(B) misery	(C) luck	(D) success		
08.	Because he lost the gam	ne, he felt very				
	(A) courageous	(B) encouraged	(C) discouraged	(D) courage		
09.	D. Even after the evidence was set before her, she was still					
	(A) fancy	(B) artistic	(C) incredulous	(D) imaginative		
10.	The National Health Insurance Program is supposed to be to all citizens in Taiwan.					
	(A) thrilling	(B) risky	(C) beneficial	(D) moral		
11.	Our daily lives are	by the energy crisis.				
	(A) effected	(B) affected	(C) involved	(D) resolved		
12.	No matter how o	our society becomes, th	e necessity to work wil	l still remain the center of our existence.		
	(A) affluent	(B) absolute	(C) ambitious	(D) apparent		
13.	The manic-depressive u	usually between	great excitement and d	eep depression.		
	(A) recover	(B) comes	(C) fluctuates	(D) improves		
14.	The marble figures of t	he monuments s	trange shapes in the un	certain light.		

(A) formed	(B) produced	(C) assumed	(D) molded
15. Governments make	laws. Police laws.		
(A) unite	(B) purpose	(C) enforce	(D) success
. <i>Grammar</i> :請在下	列各題中選出最適當的	]答案。	
16. When visiting abroad	l, people sometimes do _	things.	
(A) strangely	(B) strangers	(C) strange	(D) strangeness
17. The food at the band	uet was good, and the	was even better.	
(A) entertain	(B) entertained	(C) entertaining	(D) entertainment
18. Mrs. Walker has ret	urned		
(A) the wallet back	to its original owner	(B) to its original own	ner the wallet
(C) the wallet to its	originally owner	(D) its original owner	r to the wallet
19. If you ask nicely, M	other will probably	_ a piece of cake.	
(A) let you to have		(B) allow you have	
(C) allow that you h	ave	(D) let you have	
20. I must get be	fore the boss sees it.		
(A) my office cleani	ng up	(B) cleaned up my of	fice
(C) cleaning up my	office	(D) my office cleaned	d up
21. The women were exp	remely tired Jane	Fonda's aerobics class.	
(A) before attended		(B) after attending	
(C) after attended		(D) at attend	
22 beginning of	World War , the world	faced the darkest hour	in its history.
(A) With the	(B) The	(C) While the	(D) It was during the
23. Any man who reads	too much and uses his or	wn brain too little	_ lazy habits of thinking.
(A) fall into	(B) to fall into	(C) falling into	(D) falls into
24. Sue can dance, sing,	and even		
(A) to play guitar	(B) playing guitar	(C) play guitar	(D) can play guitar
25 Mary nor her	sister is coming to the co	oncert tonight.	
(A) Either	(B) Could	(C) Maybe	(D) Neither
26.Encounters between	people from different cou	ntries can result in mis	understandings deferent conceptions
about space.			
(A) because they	(B) is because they	(C) is because their	(D) because of their
27. In this country, a gro	owing concern about the	possible hazardous effe	ects of chemical wastes
(A) have resulted in	a bunch of new laws		(B) has resulted in several new laws
(C) are causing the r	results of numerous new 1	aws	(D) result in news laws
28 to Japan, her	father has not heard from	her.	
(A) Since she went	(B) While she went	(C) After she went	(D) When she went

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29.	9. Before Nancy won the lottery, she any kind of contest.				
	(A) hadn't entered	(B) wasn't entering	(C) doesn't enter	(D) hasn't entered	
30.	30. Mrs. Bennett will come to see us when she enough time.				
	(A) will have	(B) has had	(C) is having	(D) has	

## . Cloze: 請依照段落上下文意, 選出最適當的答案。

Sometime before 1591, Shakespeare left his family and went to London, \_\_31\_\_ he joined one of the theater companies, \_\_32\_\_ in some of the plays, and began to write his own. He soon became fairly well-known in London \_\_33\_\_ an actor and playwright. \_\_34\_\_ 1591 and 1611 Shakespeare wrote thirty-seven plays, \_\_35\_\_ are generally divided into comedies, tragedies, and historical plays. In his later years Shakespeare retired to Stratford, where he died in 1616.

31. (A) which	(B) that	(C) there	(D) where
32. (A) acting	(B) to act	(C) act	(D) acted
33. (A) as	(B) to	(C) for	(D) by
34. (A) In	(B) Among	(C) About	(D) Between
35. (A) that	(B) and they	(C) what	(D) they

The possibility of nuclear winter from atomic war might produce similar effects \_\_36\_\_ the ecology. Scientists predict that if there is a nuclear war, the \_\_37\_\_ will be that everyone will die, \_\_38\_\_ immediately from the bombs or later \_\_39\_\_ the results of a nuclear winter. In 1982, some scientists gave the name nuclear winter to their idea of \_\_40\_\_ would happen after a nuclear war.

(B) in	(C) with	(D) toward
(B) result	(C) reason	(D) affect
(B) both	(C) either	(D) no
(B) to	(C) in	(D) from
(B) what	(C) that	(D) it
	<ul><li>(B) result</li><li>(B) both</li><li>(B) to</li></ul>	(B) result(C) reason(B) both(C) either(B) to(C) in

## . Reading :

Prejudice is a negative feeling against a person because of his or her race, religion or background. For example, if a factory owner does not like Thais or Filipinos in general, this person is prejudiced. If this factory owner feels prejudiced, this is not such a huge problem; the problem arises when the factory owner refuses to hire someone because of that prejudice. If an employer gives a job to a man instead of a woman just because he is a man, despite the fact that both are equally qualified, this is called discrimination. The word "discrimination" really means the observation of differences.

41. What is the main idea of this paragraph?

- (A) The meaning of prejudice
- (B) The meaning of discrimination
- (C) The difference between prejudice and discrimination

- (D) The problems factory owners face in their jobs
- 42. Discrimination is
  - (A) an action (B) an employer
  - (C) being qualified (D) a different habit

(B) an attitude

43. Prejudice is :

(A) a practice

(D) a qualification

- 44. Which of the following is NOT an example of discrimination?
  - (A) Not hiring someone because he is Japanese
  - (B) Not renting an apartment to someone because she is Buddhist
  - (C) Not letting someone attend a school because he is old
  - (D) Not liking someone because she is a black woman
- 45. An employer refuses a job to the following people for the given. Which of these people is a victim of discrimination?

(C) a religion

- (A) Someone who doesn't have enough work experience.
- (B) Someone who has different skin color from the employer
- (C) Someone who is only willing to four days a week
- (D) Someone who wanted a salary much bigger than what the employer could give

Swenson is a Norwegian or Swedish last name. Eric Swenson isn't Norwegian.

He's Swedish, and his wife Olga is, too. But they aren't from Sweden, they're from the United States. They live in Wisconsin. Eric is an engineer in an electronics company. Olga is still a student. She's studying business education. She's going to train (or teach) teachers of high school students. The Swensons have one child. His name is John, but everyone calls him Johnnie. He's in nursery school this year.

46.	5. Where do the Swensons live?			
	(A) In Sweden.	(B) In Norway.	(C) In the U.S.A.	(D) In Japan.
47.	What does Eric do?			
	(A) He's an engineer.		(B) He's a teacher.	
	(C) He's a salesman.		(D) He's a student.	
48. How old is John supposed to be?				
	(A) Four.	(B) Eight.	(C) Nine.	(D) Ten.
49.	Who is Olga going to the	rain?		
	(A) High school students.		(B) Elementary school students.	
	(C) High school teachers.		(D) Elementary school teachers.	
50. How many people are there in the Swenson family?				
	(A) Four.	(B) Five.	(C) Two.	(D) Three.