

101年地方政府特種考試試題及解答

五等考試

公民與英文

功名文教機構

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(A)01. 我國中央政府與地方政府的權力劃分採取何種制度？

- (A)均權制度 (B)三權分立 (C)五權分立 (D)權能區分

(C)02. 「地方自治單位」是指實施地方自治、具有公法人地位的團體，下列機關何者屬之？

- (A)新北市板橋區 (B)臺灣省諮詢會
(C)苗栗縣公館鄉 (D)高雄市楠梓區建昌里

(C)03. 世界貿易組織 (World Trade Organization, 簡稱WTO) 的目標在消除會員國間的各種貿易障礙，達到自由貿易的宗旨。下列對WTO具體規範原則的敘述何者錯誤？

- (A)規範原則適用於所有會員國
(B)國外的產品或服務一旦進入本國後，應享有與本國產品或服務相同的待遇
(C)對貿易的管制只以消除關稅為主，不能涉及非關稅貿易障礙
(D)面對貿易爭端時，應先由爭端雙方相互諮詢解決

(D)04. 當前我國面臨老齡化、貧富差距擴大、失業率上升等問題，除了拼經濟讓民眾有感外，政府也應提供社會福利以因應社會的需求。依據中華民國憲法增修條文第10條第8項的規定，目前國家提供的社會福利包括五大項目，下列那一項不包括在這五大項目中？

- (A)社會保險 (B)福利服務 (C)國民就業 (D)社會平等

(C)05. 有關青少年事件處理法的敘述，下列何者正確？

- (A)少年若因案件被裁定感化教育時，期限最長為六年
(B)少年管訓事件的處分，包括：訓誡、保護管束與有期徒刑
(C)「少年」是指十二歲以上，未滿十八歲的人
(D)針對少年的案件，原則上交由簡易法庭審理

(D)06. 立法院可對行政院院長提出不信任案，下列有關我國不信任案制度設計的敘述，何者正確？

- (A)立法院得經全體立法委員四分之一以上連署，對行政院院長提出不信任案
(B)不信任案提出四十八小時後，應於七十二小時內以記名投票表決之
(C)總統於立法院通過對行政院院長之不信任案後二十日內，經諮詢立法院院長後，得宣告解散立法院
(D)立法院解散後，應於六十日內舉行立法委員選舉

(B)07. 下列何者是屬於生產活動中所投入之資本 (capital) ?

- (A)某公司健身房內的跑步機 (B)大型建商準備的遊園導覽車
(C)陳經理跑車上的衛星導航機 (D)王董事長豪宅客廳裡的高級音響

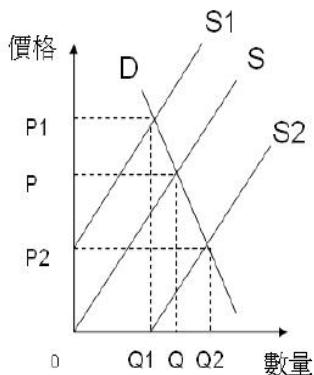
(C)08. 近年來「反貪腐」成為政府施政的重要目標之一，法務部廉政署的成立扮演重要角色。而國際上則於1993年便成立專門致力打擊貪污腐敗的國際非政府組織 (NGO)，此組織之名稱係下列何者？

- (A)國際特赦組織 (AI) (B)社會課責國際組織 (SAI)
(C)國際透明組織 (TI) (D)國際刑警組織 (ICPO)

- (C)09. 歐洲聯盟 (European Union) 是根據1992年簽署的《歐洲聯盟條約》(也稱《馬斯垂克條約》)所建立的國際組織，現有27個會員國。試問下列那一個不是現今的會員國？
(A)西班牙 (B)德國 (C)土耳其 (D)義大利
- (A)10. 一國人民突然遭遇一場目前所有醫療單位均感到束手無策的流行疾病，國家不得不對人民實施限制任意入出境的規定。試問此舉符合下列何種原則？
(A)法律保留原則 (B)法律優位原則 (C)比例原則 (D)權力制衡原則
- (D)11. 雷諾瓦 (Auguste Renoir) 的著名畫作「船上的午宴」，描繪出其親友間人際互動愉快和諧氣氛。此一名畫可做為「人際關係」中何種關係的最佳說明？
(A)性別關係 (B)情愛關係 (C)陌生關係 (D)初級關係
- (D)12. 俗語「男兒有淚不輕彈」或「男主外，女主內」之敘述，將人格、角色及特質，與生物性別做過度的聯結，請問這是指下列那一種概念？
(A)性別主流化 (B)性別社會化 (C)性別平等 (D)性別刻板印象
- (B)13. 在我國經立法院三讀通過、總統公布的法條，屬於「法律」層次的法規範。然依照中央法規標準法規定，下列何者屬於機關發布之命令？
(A)臺灣地區與大陸地區人民關係條例 (B)家庭暴力防治法施行細則
(C)國家通訊傳播委員會組織法 (D)行政程序法
- (B)14. 如果中央銀行認為市場的貨幣太少，可能造成通貨緊縮現象，則中央銀行可以採取下列何項貨幣政策，使經濟更加穩定？
(A)賣出國庫券 (B)降低存款準備率
(C)提高重貼現率 (D)賣出政府持有的證券
- (D)15. 依據道路交通管理處罰條例規定，汽車駕駛人闖紅燈可處罰新臺幣1800元以上5400元以下罰鍰，交通警察可在此範圍內決定處罰金額。請問這是依據行政法的那一種原則所做的處理？
(A)信賴保護原則 (B)誠實信用原則 (C)不當聯結禁止原則 (D)裁量合宜原則
- (B)16. 國內生產毛額 (GDP) 是指「一國之住民在一定期間內所創造的商品與服務的附加價值 (value added) 之總和」。某年，有一家工廠，出售產品的收入為100萬元，其中30萬元支付進貨成本，賺到70萬元。另一戶農家出售稻子，收入10萬元，其中2萬元支付種子與肥料費用，賺到8萬元。請問這二家今年創造的國內生產毛額 (GDP) 共有多少？
(A)110萬元 (B)78萬元 (C)32萬元 (D)10萬元
- (A)17. 社區發展協會是政府為促進社區發展，增進居民福利，建設安和融洽，團結互助之現代化社會而補助的社區組織，請問社區發展協會主管機關為何？
(A)內政部 (B)外交部 (C)教育部 (D)文化部
- (D)18. 下列公職人員，何者只能連選得連任一次？
(A)立法委員 (B)高雄市議員 (C)冬山鄉鄉民代表 (D)臺北市市長
- (C)19. 王老師在上歷史課時提到德國納粹屠殺猶太人、南非的種族隔離政策、盧安達發生族群報復式的屠殺事件。王老師除了提醒同學不要重蹈覆轍外，也希望同學能培養那一類的文化價值觀？
(A)重視自然環境 (B)肯定自我文化 (C)尊重不同文化 (D)促進文化交流
- (B)20. 行政院必須將我國中央政府的「預算」和「決算」，分別向那一個機關提出？
(A)預算送監察院，決算送司法院 (B)預算送立法院，決算送監察院
(C)預算送立法院，決算送考試院 (D)預算送監察院，決算送立法院

- (D)21. 某廠商的廣告內容不實，違反公平交易法規定，遭公平交易委員會處以新臺幣50萬元罰鍰。請問
- (A)民事訴訟 (B)刑事訴訟 (C)請願 (D)訴願
- (B)22. 臺灣的國家公園中，下列那一座是以人文景觀為其特色？
- (A)雪霸國家公園 (B)金門國家公園 (C)太魯閣國家公園 (D)玉山國家公園
- (D)23. 俗語「遠親不如近鄰」、「千金難買好厝邊」，社區與我們的關係愈來愈密切。目前有許多推動
- (A)文史工作室 (B)社區管理委員會 (C)社區發展協會 (D)警察局
- (B)24. 傳統社會，家庭財產、子女的婚姻和教育、家庭決策等，大多掌握在男性的手中，這種家庭被稱為：
- (A)平權家庭 (B)父權家庭 (C)母權家庭 (D)舅權家庭
- (D)25. 為使遊說遵循公開、透明之程序，防止不當利益輸送，確保民主政治之參與。我國於2007年制定
- (A)法務部 (B)國家安全局 (C)司法及法制委員會 (D)內政部
- (B)26. 就讀高中的小揚、小圓與小康於星期六一起到歷史博物館參觀「小小羅浮宮」特展，並得以近距離
- (A)回流教育 (B)社會教育 (C)學校教育 (D)家庭教育
- (C)27. 為維護環境生態，政府制定相關法令措施來保護環境，例如政府為了維護海洋生態及永續利用海洋
- (A)水污染防治法 (B)環境影響評估法 (C)海洋污染防治法 (D)空氣污染防治法
- (D)28. 近年來政府持續到各級學校宣導教師、學生及校園提供影印服務之廠商應確實遵守著作權法之相
- (A)自由權 (B)平等權 (C)隱私權 (D)智慧財產權
- (A)目前我國主要負責營造豐富的文化生活環境，激發保存文化資產意識，提昇國民人文素養的政府
- (A)文化部 (B)文化建設委員會
(C)財團法人國家文化藝術基金會 (D)社區發展協會
- (D)30. 下列何種行為可視為對他人之性騷擾？
- (A)學長常常持小刀威脅學弟交出零用錢
(B)以圖片、文字或語言，因而形成使人感到恐懼的敵意
(C)大聲對他人發號司令，命令其做事
(D)教授在課堂上，講出雙關語的黃色笑話，還特定指向某一人的性特徵，引起哄堂大笑
- (B)31. 最近阿蘋因為先生阿明失業在家，心情不好，經常打她出氣。在立法院通過「家庭暴力防治法」後，政府的公權力可以介入家庭，保護遭受家庭暴力威脅的家庭成員。請問依據「家庭暴力防治法」規定，當阿蘋遭受家庭暴力時，可以向那一個單位聲請保護令？
- (A)衛生局 (B)法院 (C)社會局 (D)警察局
- (A)32. 世界貿易組織（WTO）是現今最重要之國際經貿組織，我國自2002年1月正式成為WTO會員。請問我國是以那種名稱加入世界貿易組織？
- (A)臺灣、澎湖、金門及馬祖個別關稅領域 (B)中國臺北
(C)臺灣 (D)中華臺北
- (C)33. 農作物的收成受天氣的影響甚大，下圖是甲地哈密瓜數量的供給線S和需求線D，假設其他條件

不變下，下列敘述何者正確？



- (A) 哈密瓜的價格越高，風險越大，因此農民種植的數量相對會減少
(B) 今年因颱風侵襲，該地之哈密瓜欠收，所以供給線S會往S2方向移動
(C) 今年因風調雨順，該地之哈密瓜豐收，所以供給線S會往S2方向移動
(D) 風調雨順時，因哈密瓜豐收，故其總收益會高於颱風侵襲時的總收益

(A)34. 新聞媒體在報導時，若已侵害被害人小蘭的名譽與隱私，則被害人小蘭可依下列那部法律規定，請求法院判決新聞媒體應賠償相當金額或請求恢復名譽之適當處分？
(A)民法 (B)刑法 (C)行政程序法 (D)政府資訊公開法

(C)35. 配合政府組織再造，我國港口已朝「政企分離」目標進行改革。交通部於2012年將港務局改制為臺灣港務股份有限公司，此舉乃為順應國際潮流及增加經營彈性，提昇港埠之服務水準及競爭力。試問此一改革乃政府再造「四化政策」之何種內容之具體實踐？
(A)去任務化 (B)地方化 (C)行政法人化 (D)委外化

(A)36. The sun was so bright that I could see anything.
(A)hardly (B)nearly (C)probably (D)only

(D)37. We all were to leave for the party when the doorbell rang.
(A)delicious (B)easy (C)correct (D)ready

(B)38. When Mary called me at that time, I was a shower. I did not hear the telephone ringing.
(A)doing (B)taking (C)making (D)playing

(D)39. For safety ' s sake, you should check on your car you go for a long-distance drive.
(A)since (B)while (C)after (D)before

(C)40. Cathy:
Dennis: No. It ' s very close.
(A)Is there a post office near here? (B)Is the post office open?
(C)Is the post office far from here? (D)Are we near the post office y

(B)41. John: Who is Nancy standing next to?
Bob: She is standing .
(A) on a chair (B)next to May (C)behind a table (D)next to a chair

In the summer of 2007, a group of international students were attending college in England. They had a long period of time between semesters for travel, so they decided to hitchhike as far as they could in other European countries. In

many places, they were successful. They put their thumbs out or pointed them backwards and smiled; friendly drivers stopped. As soon as the first traveler got a “yes” answer from a driver, he motioned with his hand or fingers for his friends to come—or he held both thumbs up in an “OK” sign or made a circle with the thumb and the next finger of one hand. The young tourists saved money, saw a lot of the countryside, and had many interesting conversations and experiences.

However, the international students were not so lucky in Greece and Turkey. Most drivers ignored them; few drivers stopped to give them rides. Some drivers shouted terrible words at the travelers; others even got out of their trucks and wanted to start a fight. The students felt unwelcome, confused, and afraid. After they traveled back to where they were studying they learned that it were their hand gestures that had caused them trouble.

請依上文回答第42題至第46題

(A)42. According to the passage, why did the young travelers get rides successfully in many places in Europe?

- (A) Drivers knew what the young travelers meant by their hand gestures.
- (B) Drivers thought that the students were foreigners without local friends.
- (C) The students were lucky enough to meet drivers who happened to be in a good mood.
- (D) Drivers were curious about the students' thumbs and stopped for inquiry.

(B)43. According to the passage, as soon as the driver stopped, what would the young traveler who put out his thumb do?

- (A) He would get on the car immediately to continue the trip.
- (B) He would signal his friends to take the car together.
- (C) He would do some more tricks with his fingers.
- (D) He would begin chatting with the driver

(B)44. According to the passage, why were the international students unable to get rides easily in Greece and Turkey?

- (A) Most of the drivers did not notice the young travelers.
- (B) Their hand gestures were misunderstood.
- (C) The students were foreigners and unwelcome in the two countries.
- (D) Drivers in the two countries tended to be ill-tempered.

(B)45. In mentioning Greece and Turkey particularly, what does the writer intend to do?

- (A) To impress the readers with the idea that the two countries are actually very terrible places
- (B) To offer an example indicating the possible trouble the travelers may encounter in different cultures
- (C) To entertain the readers with a very funny example from two unpopular countries in Europe
- (D) To offer some biased opinions towards the two countries

(C)46. In terms of culture, what does the story mean?

- (A) Travelers always encounter rude and unfriendly drivers.
- (B) Travelers should “hitchhike” in their own country only.
- (C) The same gestures can have very different meanings in different cultures.
- (D) Hand gestures are rude because they are kinds of body language.

Many people like to take exercises to keep fit. Some go jogging and cycling while others go swimming and play sports. One more common way of exercising nowadays is walking at a faster speed. It's now getting more and more popular as you can see people doing it in parks and on roads. It is easy to follow and cheap as well. What you need is

comfortable clothing and a pair of good shoes. Besides, it is a very effective exercise. It can make your hearts, lungs, and bones stronger and help you lose weight in a healthy way. It is also safer than other exercises such as jogging since it won't hurt the joints on your knees. With so many benefits to gain from, there is no wonder that more and more people enjoy doing it.

請依上文回答第47題至第50題

(C)47. According to the passage, why has walking at a faster speed become a favorite among people?

- | | |
|---|--|
| (A)More and more people are following it. | (B)People like outdoor exercises. |
| (C)It's convenient and inexpensive . | (D)The whole family can do it together |

(D) 48. According to the passage, which item is suggested every time you go walking?

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------------|
| (A)Sunglasses | (B)An umbrella |
| (C)A formal dress | (D)Comfortable clothing |

(C) 49. How can walking make you healthier?

- | | |
|---|---|
| (A)It takes more time to exercise. | (B)It can be done in the mornings only. |
| (C)It enables your body to do a better job. | (D)It won't cost you too much. |

(A)50. According to the passage, why is jogging a more harmful way of exercising than walking?

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| (A)It is likely to harm your knees. | (B)It is harder to follow. |
| (C)It is dangerous to jog on roads. | (D)It makes you become breathless. |